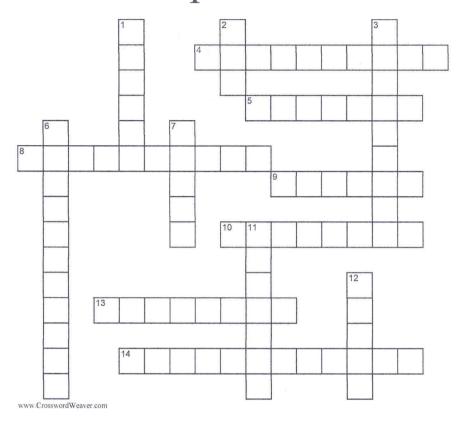
## Chapter Four



## **ACROSS**

- **4.** 'Social \_\_\_\_\_' the type of welfare regime found in Scandinavia
- **5.** The label used by Le Grand to refer to altruistic providers of welfare
- **8.** The process of relocating central government power to the regions
- **9.** The label used by Le Grand to refer to people motivated by self-interested motivations within welfare provision
- **10.** A central aspect of welfare provision which rests on concern for others
- **13.** The type of community required for nation building
- **14.** The type of welfare provision that is associated with employers

## **DOWN**

- **1.** The type of welfare provision associated with the tax system
- 2. The abbreviation for the term used to describe the collective role of different sectors in providing welfare
- **3.** The adjective used for a person not considered as a national by any government under the operation of its law
- **6.** The critique of state welfare provision as an inefficient monopoly
- **7.** The organised political entity that has legitimate recourse to force within a designated territory
- **11.** The type of welfare regime found in the US and UK
- **12.** The term used by Le Grand to refer to passive or unresponsive people in the welfare system